

# SUGGESTED SOLUTION IPCC NOVEMBER 2016 EXAM

**ADVANCED ACCOUNTS** 

Test Code - I N J1 1 2 8

**BRANCH** - (MULTIPLE) (Date: 09.10.2016)

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#### Answer-1 (a):

According to para 8.2 of Accounting Standard 4 "Contingencies and Events Occurring after the Balance Sheet Date", adjustments to assets and liabilities are required forevents occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional informationmaterially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing atthe balance sheet date.

In the given case, though the debtor became insolvent after balance sheet date, yet hehad suffered heavy loss (not covered by the insurance), before the balance sheet dateand this loss was the cause of the insolvency of the debtor.

Therefore the company must make full provision for bad debts amounting Rs. 5 lakhs inits final accounts for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2014.

(4 Marks)

#### Answer-1 (b):

#### (a) Calculation of profit or loss to be recognized in the books of Sterling Limited

	Rs.
Forward contract rate	48.85
Less: Spot rate	<u>(47.50)</u>
Loss	<u>1.35</u>
Forward Contract Amount	\$20,000
Total loss on entering into forward contract = (\$20,000 × Rs. 1.35)	Rs. 27,000
Contract period	4 months
Loss for the period 1 <sup>st</sup> January, 2012 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2012 i.e. 3	
months falling in the year 2011-2012 will be Rs. 27,000 x $\frac{3}{4}$ =	Rs. 20,250

Balance loss of Rs. 6,750 (i.e. Rs. 27,000 – Rs. 20,250) for the month of April, 2012 will be recognized in the financial year 2012-2013.

(3 Marks)

(b) As per AS 11 on 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates', all foreigncurrency transactions should be recorded by applying the exchange rate on the date oftransactions. Thus, goods purchased on 1.1.2011 and corresponding creditor would be recorded at Rs. 4,50,000 (i.e. \$10,000 × Rs. 45)

According to the standard, at the balance sheet date all monetary transactions should be reported using the closing rate. Thus, creditor of US \$10,000 on 31.3.2011 will bereported at Rs. 4,40,000 (i.e.  $$10,000 \times Rs. 44$ ) and exchange profit of Rs. 10,000 (i.e.4,50,000 – 4,40,000) should be credited to Profit and Loss account in the year 2010-11.

On 7.7.2011, creditor of \$10,000 is paid at the rate of Rs. 43. As per AS 11, exchangedifference on settlement of the account should also be transferred to Profit and Lossaccount. Therefore, Rs. 10,000 (i.e. 4,40,000 - 4,30,000) will be credited to Profit andLoss account in the year 2011-12.

(3 Marks)

#### Answer-1 (c):

According to para 6 of AS 16 "Borrowing Costs", borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset should be capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. The amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation should be determined in accordance with this Standard. Other borrowing costs should be recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Also para 10 of AS 16 "Borrowing Costs" states that to the extent that funds are borrowedspecifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costseligible for capitalisation on that asset should be determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any income on the temporary investment ofthose borrowings.

Thus, eligible borrowing cost = Rs. 11,00,000 – Rs. 2,00,000

Sr. No.	Particulars	Nature of assets	Interest to be Capitalized (Rs.)	Interest to be charged to Profit & Loss Account (Rs.)
i	Construction of factory	Qualifying Asset*	9,00,000x40/100	
	building		= Rs. 3,60,000	NIL
ii	Purchase of Machinery	Not a Qualifying Asset	NIL	9,00,000x35/100 = Rs. 3,15,000
iii	Working Capital Asset	Not a Qualifying	NIL	9,00,000x25/100 = Rs. 2,25,000
	Total		Rs. 3,60,000	Rs. 5,40,000

<sup>\*</sup> A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

(3 Marks)

#### Answer-1 (d):

**Research Expenditure** – According to AS 26 'Intangible Assets', the expenditure on researchof new process design for its product Rs. 10 lakhs should be charged to Profit and Loss Accountin the year in which it is incurred. It is presumed that the entire expenditure is incurred in the financial year 2012-13. Hence, it should be written off as an expense in that year itself.

**Cost of internally generated intangible asset** – it is given that development phase expenditureamounting Rs. 8 lakhs incurred upto 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2013 meets asset recognition criteria. As perAS 26, for measurement of such internally generated intangible asset, fair value should be estimated by discounting estimated future net cash flows.

Savings (after tax) from implementation of new design for next 5 years	Rs. 2 lakhs p.a.
Company's cost of capital	10 %
Annuity factor @ 10% for 5 years	3.7908
Present value of net cash flows (Rs. 2 lakhs x 3.7908)	Rs. 7.582 lakhs
	(3 Marks)

The cost of an internally generated intangible asset would be lower of cost value Rs. 8 lakhs orpresent value of future net cash flows Rs. 7.582 lakhs.

Hence, cost of an internally generated intangible asset will be Rs. 7.582 lakhs.

The difference of Rs. 0.418 lakhs (i.e. Rs. 8 lakhs – Rs. 7.582 lakhs) will be amortized by Plymouth for the financial year 2012-13.

Amortisation - The company can amortise Rs. 7.582 lakhs over a period of five years by charging Rs. 1.516 lakhs per annum from the financial year 2013-2014 onwards.

(2 Marks)

#### Answer-2:

#### Journal Entries In the books of VRK& Co.

Particulars		Dr. (Rs.)	Cr. (Rs.)
Goodwill A/c	Dr.	2,00,000	
Building A/c	Dr.	4,00,000	
Machinery A/c	Dr.	9,00,000	
Furniture A/c	Dr.	80,000	
Stock A/c	Dr.	4,80,000	

- 1:				
Debtors A/c		Dr		
Cash at Bank A/c		Dr		
Cash in hand A/c.		Dr	,	
Due from Raj & Co. A/c.		Dr	. 4,00,00	00
To Creditors A/c.				4,80,000
To Bank Loan A/c.				3,20,000
To Vinod's Capital A/c.				16,35,000
To Raj's Capital A/c.				8,65,000
(Being the Assets and Liabilities of	f Vinod & Co. taken			
over)				
Goodwill A/c		Dr	. 1,64,0	 00
Machinery A/c.		Dr		
Furniture A/c.		Dr		
•			·-	
Stock A/c		Dr		
Debtors A/c		Dr	, ,	
Cash at Bank A/c		Dr		
Cash in hand A/c		Dr	•	
Advances A/c.		Dr	. 2,40,00	
To Creditors A/c.				4,64,000
To Due to Vinod & Co. A/o	C			4,00,000
To Raj's Capital A/c.				14,16,000
To Kumar's Capital A/c.				7,08,000
(Being the Assets and Liabilities of	f Raj & Co. taken over)			. ,
Vinod's Capital A/c.		Dr	. 1,82,0	 00
Raj's Capital A/c.		Dr		
-				
Kumar's Capital A/c. To Goodwill A/c		Dr	. 60,6	3,64,000
(Being Goodwill written off)				3,04,000
Bank A/c		Dr	. 7,39,6	
To Vinod's Capital A/c				6,77,000
To Kumar's Capital A/c				62,666
(Being the Cash brought in by Vine	od and Kumar to make			
capitals proportionate)				
Raj's Capital A/c		 Dr	. 7,39,6	66
To Bank A/c.			,,	7,39,666
(Being the excess capital withdray	v bv Rai)			.,00,000
	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Due to Vinod & Co. A/c		Dr	. 400,0	
To Due from Raj & Co. A/o				4,00,000
(Being the elimination of mutual i				
merged firms Vinod & Co., and Ra	ıj & Co.			
				(3 Marks)
Balanc	e Sheet of M/s VRK& (	Co. as at 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma	arch, 2016	
Liabilities	Rs.	Assets		Rs.
Capitals:		 Building		4,00,000
Vinod	21,30,000	Machinery		17,00,000
	14,20,000	Furniture		
Raj				1,04,000
Kumar Creditors	7,10,000	Stock		10,40,000
LIPORTORS	9,44,000	Debtors		14,40,000
				2 - 2 - 2 - 2
Bank Loan	3,20,000	Advances Cash at Bank		2,40,000 4,80,000

		Cash in har	nd		1,20,000
	55,24,000	)			55,24,000
	ing Notes:				(3 Marks
1. 	Statement showing the Computation of Pur	chase Considera			
Partic	ulars		Vinod & (	Co. Rs.	Raj & Co. Rs.
 А.	Assets				
	Goodwill		2,00,0	00	1,64,000
	Building		4,00,0	00	
	Machinery		9,00,0	00	8,00,000
	Furniture		80,0	00	24,000
	Stock		4,80,0	00	5,60,000
	Debtors		6,40,0	00	8,00,000
	Cash at Bank		1,20,0	00	3,60,000
	Cash in hand		80,0	00	40,000
	Due from Raj & Co.		4,00,0	00	_
	Advances			_	2,40,000
			33,00,0	00	29,88,000
 В.	Liabilities				
	Creditors		4,80,0	00	4,64,000
	Due to Vinod & Co.			_	4,00,000
	Bank Loan		3,20,0	00	_
			8,00,0	00	8,64,000
С.	Purchase consideration (A-B)		25,00,0	00	21,24,000
2.	Statement showing the Computation of Pro	portionate Capi	tals		(2 Marks
	Particulars				Rs.
 A.	M/s VRK & Co. (Rs. 25,00,000+Rs. 21,24,000)	 I			46,24,000
B.	Less: Goodwill Adjustment				(3,64,000)
C.	Total Capital of new Firm				42,60,000
D.	Vinod's proportionate Capital (Rs. 42,60,000	x 3/6)			21,30,000
E.	Raj's proportionate Capital (Rs. 42,60,000 x 2	· •			14,20,000
F.	Kumar's Proportionate Capital (Rs. 42,60,000				7,10,000
					42,60,000
					(2 Marks
3. 	Statement showing the Computation of Cap	ortai Adjustment	:S 		
Partic	ulars	Vinod Rs.	Raj Rs.	Kumar Rs.	Total Rs.
Ralane	ce transferred from Vinod and Co.(W.N. 4)	 16,35,000	8,65,000		 25,00,000
	ce transferred from Raj and Co. (W.N.5)	-	14,16,000	7,08,000	21,24,000
		<b>_</b>	<b>_</b>		

Less: Goodwill written (	off in the ratio of (3	:2:1)	(1,82,000) 14,53,000	(1,21,334 21,59,66		(3,64,000) 42,60,000
(b) Proportionate Capit	al (W.N. 2)		21,30,000	14,20,00		42,60,000
(c) Amount to be broug	ght in (paid off) (a-b)		6,77,000	7,39,66	6 62,666	-
4. Capital Accoun	its (in the Books of '	Vinod & Co.)				(2 Marks)
 Particulars	Vinod	Raj	Particula	 irs	Vinod	 Raj
	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
To Capital A/c –	16,35,000	8,65,000	By Balan	ce b/d	9,60,000	6,40,000
M/s VRK& Co.			By Reser		1,50,000	
(Transfer)			By Goods	will (3:1) ation A/c*	1,50,000	50,000
			-Profit (3		3,75,000	1,25,000
	16,35,000	8,65,000			16,35,000	8,65,000
* For Building Rs. 2,00,0	 000 (4,00,000 -2,00,0	 000) and Mac	 hinery Rs. 3,	00,000 (9,0	 0,000 <b>–</b> 6,00,000	 )).
5. Capital Accounts (	in the Books of Raj	& Co.)				(2 Marks)
Particulars	 Raj Rs.	Kumar Rs.	Particulars		 Raj Rs.	Kumar Rs.
VRK& Co.	14,16,000	7,08,000	By Balance		8,00,000	
(Transfer)			By Reserve By Goodwi		4,00,000	2,00,000
			By Realisat		1,09,334	54,666
			-Profit (2:1		1,06,666	53,334
	14,16,000	7,08,000			14,16,000	7,08,000
*For Machinery Rs. 1,6	0,000 (8,00,000 – 6,	40,000).				(2 Marks)
Answer-3 (a) :						(2 Marks)
	Journal E	ntries in the b	ooks of Kan	ika Ltd.		
Particulars					Dr. (Rs.)	Cr. (Rs.)
At the end of 1 year						
 Employees Compensat					8,60,625	
To Employee S	tock Options Outsta	_				8,60,625
(Being the compensation the ESOP)	on expenses recogni	ized in respec	t of			
 Profit and Loss A/c				 Dr.	8,60,625	
<u>.                                      </u>	ompensation Expen	se A/c			-,00, <b>0=</b> 0	8,60,625
(Being Expenses of the	· ·					
	·	<b>-</b>			<b></b>	<del></del>
At the end of Year 2						
At the end of Year 2Employees Compensat	ion Expense A/c				8,60,625	
 Employees Compensat	ion Expense A/c tock Options Outsta	nding A/c.			8,60,625	8,60,625

Profit and Loss A/c  To Employee Compensation Expense A/c  (Being Expenses of the year transferred to P & L A/c)	Dr.	21,03,750	21,03,750
Employees Compensation Expense A/c  To Employee Stock Options Outstanding A/c.  (Being expense in respect of ESOP recognized for the year 3)	Dr.	21,03,750	21,03,750
At the end of Year 3			
Profit and Loss A/c To Employee Compensation Expense A/c (Being Expenses of the year transferred to P & L A/c)	Dr.	8,60,625	8,60,625

(6 Marks)

#### **Working Notes:**

- A. No. of Employees expected to take options =  $2,500 \times .80 \times .85 \times .90 \times .90 = 1377$
- B. No. of Options to be granted to each employee = 500
- C. Fair Value of each option = Rs. 5
- D. Total Fair Value of Options expected to vest (A x B x C) = Rs. 34,42,500
- E. Amount of Fair Value of Options to be recognized as an expense
  - $1^{st}$  year (34,42,500/4) = Rs. 8,60,625
  - $2^{nd}$  Year (34,42,500 x (2/4)-8,60,625) = Rs. 8,60,625
  - $3^{rd}$  Year [(1530 employees x 500 options x Rs. 5) (8,60,625+8,60,625)] = Rs. 21,03,750

Since vesting period has been revised in  $3^{rd}$  year all the remaining liabilities in respect of employees stock option plan has been recognized at the end of  $3^{rd}$  year and data for the  $4^{th}$  year has been ignored.

(2 Marks)

#### Answer-3 (b):

Calculation of liability of each underwriter assuming that the benefit of firm underwriting is not given to individual underwriters

	Р	Q	R	(Nun S	nber of shares) Total
Gross Liability	30,000	30,000	20,000	20,000	1,00,000
Less: Marked applications	,	,	,	,	, ,
(excluding firm underwriting)	(19,000)	(10,000)	(21,000)	(8,000)	(58,000)
Balance	11,000	20,000	(1,000)	12,000 4	2,000
Less: Surplus of R allocated to P,					
Q and S in the ratio of 3:3:2	<u>(375)</u>	(375)	1,000	(250)	<u>-</u>
Balance	10,625	19,625	-	11,750	42,000
Less: Unmarked applications					
including firm underwriting	<u>(5,700)</u>	(5,700)	(3,800)	(3,800)	(19,000)
Net Liability	4,925	13,925	(3,800)	7,950	23,000
Less: Surplus of R allocated to P,					
Q and S in the ratio of 3:3:2	(1,425)	(1,425)	3,800	(950)	<u>-</u>
	3,500	12,500	-	7,000	23,000
Add: Firm underwriting	3,000	2,000	1,000	1,000	7,000
Total Liability	6,500	14,500	1,000	8,000	30,000

(6 Marks)

#### **Calculation of underwriting commission:**

As per law in force, underwriting commission is payable @ 5% of the issue price of shares. Underwriting commission payable to P and Q = 5% of (Rs.  $15 \times 30,000$  shares) = Rs. 22,500. Underwriting commission payable to R and S = 5% of (Rs.  $15 \times 20,000$  shares) = Rs. 15,000.

(1 Mark)

#### **Working Note:**

Application received from public
Add: Shares underwritten firm
Total application
Less: Marked applications
Unmarked application including firm underwriting

70,000 shares <u>7,000 shares</u> 77,000 shares (<u>58,000 shares</u>) 19,000 shares

(1 Mark)

#### Answer-4:

#### **Journal Entries**

		Dr.	Rs. in lacs Cr.
Equity Share Capital (Rs. 10 each) A/c To Equity Share Capital (Rs. 2.50 each) A/c To Reconstruction A/c (Conversion of all the equity shares into the same number of fully paid equity shares of Rs. 2.50 each as per scheme of reconstruction.	Dr. ction)	500	125 375
Director's Remuneration Outstanding A/c To Reconstruction A/c (Outstanding remuneration foregone by the directors as per scheme of reconstruction)	Dr.	10	10
12% Debentures A/c Debenture Interest Outstanding A/c. To 13% Debentures A/c To Reconstruction A/c (Conversion of 12% debentures into 13% debentures, Debenture holders forgoing outstanding debenture interest)	Dr. Dr.	400 48	400 48
Bank A/c.  To Equity Share Application A/c  (Application money received for fully paid equity shares of Rs. 2.5 each from existing shareholders)	Dr.	125	125
Equity Share Application A/c.  To Equity Share Capital (Rs. 2.50 each) A/c  (Application money transferred to share capital)	Dr.	125	125
Trade payables A/c.  To Equity Share Capital (Rs. 2.50 each) A/c.  To Bank A/c  To Reconstruction A/c  (Trade payables for Rs. 65 lakhs accepting shares for full amount and those for Rs. 100 lakhs accepting cash equal to 80% of claim in full settlement)	Dr.	165	65 80 20
Capital Reserve A/c To Reconstruction A/c (Being the loss on reconstruction (balance in the Reconstruction A/c) transferred to Capital Reserve)	Dr.	6	6
Land and Building A/c To Reconstruction A/c. (Appreciation made in the value of land and building as per scheme of reconstruction)	Dr.	46	46

Reconstruction A/c	Dr.	 505	
To Goodwill A/c			15
To Plant and Machinery A/c.			66
To Inventory A/c			22
To Trade receivables A/c			4
To Discount on issue of Debentures A/c			8
To Profit and Loss A/c			390
(Writing off losses and reduction in the values of assets as			
per scheme of reconstruction—W.N. 1)			

(5 Marks)

**Note:** In a scheme of Reconstruction, Goodwill, Losses etc should be written off against the Reconstruction Account whether or not it is mentioned in the question.

### Balance Sheet of Rocky Ltd. (and Reduced) as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2013.

Parti	culars			Amount Rs.
I.	Equit	y and Liabilities		
	(1)	Shareholder's Funds		
		(a) Share Capital	1	315
	(2)	Non-Current Liabilities		
		(a) Long-term borrowings - 13% Debentures		400
	(3)	Current Liabilities		
		(a) Other current liabilities		11
		(b) Short-term provisions		<u>33</u>
		Total		<u>759</u>
II.	Asset	S		
	(1)	Non-current assets		
		(a) Fixed assets		
		(i) Tangible assets	2	491
		(ii) Intangible assets	3	0
	(2)	Current assets		
		(a) Current investments		
		(b) Inventories		120
		(c) Trade receivables		76
		(d) Cash and cash equivalents(W.N.2)		<u>72</u>
		Total		<u>759</u>
Note	s to Acco	nunts		(5 Marks)
				Rs.
1		Capital		
	-	y Share Capital (Rs.2.50 each)	125	
		Fresh issue	125	
		Equity shares issued to trade payables	<u>65</u>	
		000 Fully paid equity shares of Rs. 2.50 each		315
_	-	00 shares have been issued for consideration other than cash)		
2	_	ble assets		
	a)	Land and Building	184	
		Amount of appreciation under scheme of reconstruction	<u>46</u>	230
	b)	Plant and Machinery	286	
		Amount written off under scheme of reconstruction dated.	<u>(66)</u>	220
	c)	Furniture and Fixtures		<u>41</u>
				<u>491</u>

		15	
Goodwill Less: Amount written of	f under scheme		-
			(2 Mar
Working Notes :			·
1.	D		(Rs. in lac
	Kecon	nstruction Account 	
	Rs.		Rs
To Goodwill	15	By Equity Share Capital A/c.	375
To Plant and Machinery	66	By Director's Remuneration Outstanding A/	'c. 10
To Inventory	22	By Debenture Interest Outstanding A/c	48
To Trade receivables	4	By Trade payables	20
To Discount on issue of		By Capital Reserve (Balancing Figure)	6
Debentures	8	By Land and Building	46
To Profit and Loss A/c	390	, <u>-</u>	
	505		505
			(3 Mar
2. Cash at bank as on 31 <sup>st</sup> N	//arch, 2013 (aft	er reconstruction)	<b>\</b> -
		·	Rs.
Cash at bank (before reconstruct			27
Add: Proceeds from issue of equ	ity shares		<u>125</u>
			152
Less: Payment made to trade pay	yables (80% of R	Rs. 100 Lakhs)	<u>(80)</u>
Less: Payment made to trade pa	yables (80% of F	Rs. 100 Lakhs)	<u>(80)</u> 72
	yables (80% of F 	Rs. 100 Lakhs)	
Less: Payment made to trade par		Rs. 100 Lakhs) A (Prescribed by IRDA)	72
Answer-5 (a) :	Form B-RA	A (Prescribed by IRDA) eral Insurance Company	72
Answer-5 (a) :	Form B-RA	A (Prescribed by IRDA)	72
Answer-5 (a) : Rever	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA) eral Insurance Company	72 ( <b>1 M</b> a
Answer-5 (a) : Rever	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Teral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72  (1 Ma
Answer-5 (a) :  Rever Particulars	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72 (1 Ma
Answer-5 (a):  Rever Particulars  Premium earned (net)	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72 (1 Ma
Answer-5 (a):  Rever Particulars Premium earned (net) Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified)	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72 (1 Ma
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified)  Interest, dividend and rent	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72 (1 Ma
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified)  Interest, dividend and rent  Total (A)	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An	72 (1 Ma mount (Rs.) 66,80,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified)  Interest, dividend and rent	Form B-R/ Sunlife Gen nue Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company  The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And 1  S	72 (1 Ma nount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified) Interest, dividend and rent Total (A) Claims incurred (Net) Commission	Form B-R/ Sunlife General Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And  1 S	72 (1 Ma nount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified)  Interest, dividend and rent  Total (A)  Claims incurred (Net)  Commission  Operating expenses related to in	Form B-R/ Sunlife General Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And  1 S	72 (1 Ma mount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000 1,50,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified) Interest, dividend and rent Total (A) Claims incurred (Net) Commission	Form B-R/ Sunlife General Account for	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And  1 S	72 (1 Ma nount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified) Interest, dividend and rent Total (A) Claims incurred (Net) Commission Operating expenses related to in Total (B) Operating profit from insurance	Form B-R/Sunlife Genoue Account for some second for some secon	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And  1 S	72 (1 Ma nount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000 1,50,000 48,23,000 18,57,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified) Interest, dividend and rent Total (A) Claims incurred (Net) Commission Operating expenses related to in Total (B)	Form B-R/ Sunlife General Account for a count for a co	A (Prescribed by IRDA)  Peral Insurance Company The year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule And  1 S	72 (1 Ma mount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000 1,50,000 48,23,000 18,57,000
Answer-5 (a):  Rever  Particulars  Premium earned (net)  Profit / Loss on sale / redemption Others (to be specified) Interest, dividend and rent Total (A) Claims incurred (Net) Commission Operating expenses related to in Total (B) Operating profit from insurance	Form B-R/ Sunlife General Account for a count for a co	A (Prescribed by IRDA) peral Insurance Company the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013  Schedule An  1 S  2 3 ss 4	72 (1 Ma nount (Rs.) 66,80,000 45,26,000 1,47,000 1,50,000 48,23,000

Add: Premium on reinsurance accepted			9,50,000
Less: Premium on reinsurance ceded			(4,75,000
Net premium			70,50,000
Adjustment for change in reserve for unexpired	risks (W.N.2)		(3,70,000
Total premium earned (net)			66,80,000
Schedule 2	: Claims Incurred	(Net)	(2 M
Particulars			Rs
Claims maid an direct business (MANA)			
Claims paid on direct business (W.N.1)			43,30,000
Add: Re-insurance accepted (W.N.1) Less: Re-insurance ceded (W.N.1)			4,73,000 (3,70,000
Net claims paid			44,33,000
Add: Claims outstanding at the end of the year			
Less: Claims outstanding at the beginning of the	voor		7,18,000
Total claims incurred	year		<u>(6,25,000</u> <u>45,26,000</u>
Schod	ule 3 : Commissior		(3 M
		· 	
Particulars 			Rs
Commission paid on direct business			1,50,000
Add: Commission on reinsurance accepted			11,000
Less: Commission on reinsurance ceded			(14,000
			1,47,000
Schedule 4: Operating Ex	spenses related to	Insurance Business	(1 N
Particulars			Rs
Expenses of management (2,30,000 – 35,000 – 4	45,000)		<u>1,50,000</u> <u>1,50,000</u>
Working Notes:			(1 N
1. Claims incurred			
Particulars	Direct business (Rs.)		Re-insurance ceded (Rs.)
Paid/received	42,50,000	5,00,000	3,25,000
Add: Outstanding at the end of the year		60,000	1,10,000
Expenses in connection with settlement of claim			
(35,000 + 45,000)	80,000		
Less: Outstanding at the beginning ofthe year		(87,000)	(65,000)
	43,30,000	4,73,000	3,70,000
Note: Commission & Claims on reinsurance cede	ed represent incom	e as the business ispa	assed on to the
reinsurer.			(1 N
2. Change in reserve for unexpired risk			Rs

Less: Closing reserve as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2013 (Rs. 70,50,000 x 40%)	(28,20,000)
Additional provision required	(3,70,000)
, isas: isas	(1 Mark)
	(=)
Answer-5 (b) :	
Profit & Loss Account (an extract)	
for the period ending 31.12. 2015	
	Rs.
Transfer from 'Rebate on bills discounted account (01.01. 2015)	4,170
Add: Discount for the year 2015	<u>42,956</u>
	47,126
Less: Rebate on bills discounted carried forward to the year 2016	<u>(6,637)</u>
	<u>40,489</u>
	(2 Marks)
Balance Sheet (an extract) as on 31.12.2015	
	Rs.
Other liabilities & provisions:	
Rebate on bills discounted	6,637
	(1 Mark)
Working Note:	

#### Statement of rebate on bills discounted as on 31.12. 2015

Due date	Amount (Rs.)	No. of days after 31.12.2015	Rate of discount (%)	Discount of the unexpired period
March 6 <sup>th</sup>	70,000	65	5	623
March 12 <sup>th</sup>	2,18,000	71	4.5	1,908
March 26 <sup>th</sup>	1,41,000	85	6	1,970
April 6 <sup>th</sup>	2,03,000	96	4	2,136
Total rebate on bil	lls discounted to be carrie	d forward		6,637

(1 Mark)

#### Answer-6 (a) :Pune Branch Account

Particulars	Rs.	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	Rs.
To Opening Balance			By Opening Balance:		
Stock		10,000	Salaries outstanding		100
Debtors		4,000	By Remittances:		
Petty Cash		500	Cash sales	1,30,000	
Furniture		2,000	Cash received from		
			debtors	35,000	
PrepaidInsurance		150	Cash paid by		
•			debtors directly to H.O.	2,000	
To Goods sent to Branch Account		80,000	Received from		
			Insurance Company	1,000	1,68,000
To Bank (expenses)			By Goods sent to branch	า	1,000
Rent	2,000		(return of goods by		
Salaries	2,400		the branch to H.O.)		
Petty Cash	1,000		By Closing Balances:		
Insurance	600	6,000	Stock		5,000
To Net Profit		78,950	Petty Cash		650
			Debtors		4,900
			Furniture (2,000 –		•
			10% depreciation)		1,800
			Prepaid insurance		,
			(1/4 x Rs. 600)		150
		1,81,600			1,81,600

(6 Marks)

Calcu Open Add: Total Less: Closir	ring Note: lation of petty cash balance at the end: ling balance Cash received form the Head Office Cash with branch Spent by the branch ng balance  ver-6 (b):			Rs. 500 1,000 1,500 <u>850</u> 650 (2 Marks)
	Journal Entries			
			Rs.	Rs.
1.	Bank A/c To 11% Preference share application & allotments (Being receipt of application money on preference share)		10,00,000	10,00,000
2.	11% Preference share application & allotment A/c To 11% Preference Share Capital A/c (Being allotment of 1 lakh preference shares)	Dr.	10,00,000	10,00,000
3.	General Reserve A/c To Capital Redemption Reserve A/c (Being creation of capital redemption reserve for buy back of shares)	Dr.	30,00,000	30,00,000
4.	Equity share capital A/c Securities Premium A/c General reserve A/c To Equity shareholders/Equity Shares buy back A/c. (Amount payable to equity shareholder on buy back)	Dr. Dr. Dr.	40,00,000 16,00,000 32,00,000	88,00,000
5.	Equity shareholders/ Equity Shares buy back A/c To Bank A/c (Being payment made for buy back of shares)	Dr.	88,00,000	88,00,000
\Mork	ring Notes			(5 Marks)
Work	Amount paid for buy back of shares (4,00,000 shares x R Less: Proceeds from issue of Preference Shares (1,00,000 shares x Rs.10) Less: Utilisation of Securities Premium Account Balance used from General Reserve Account * Used under Section 68 for buy back Used under Section 69 for transfer to CRR (W.N 2)		32,00,000 30,00,000 62,00,000	Rs. 88,00,000 (10,00,000) (16,00,000) 62,00,000
2.	Amount to be transferred to Capital Redemption Reser	rve accoun	t	_
	Nominal value of shares bought back (4,00,000 shares x Rs.10)			<b>Rs.</b> 40,00,000
	Less: Nominal value of Preference Shares issued for such back (1,00,000 shares x Rs.10)  Amount transferred to Capital Redemption Reserve According	·	0,000	(10,00,000) 30,00,000

**Note:** It is assumed that the buy-back of 4,00,000 equity shares is within the prescribed 25% limit of total equity shares.

(1.5 Marks)

#### Answer-7 (a):

#### (i) Liquidator's Statement of Account

	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
To Assets Realised	10,00,000	By Liquidator's remuneration		
To Receipts of call money on	29,000	2.5% on 11,60,000*	29,000	
14,500 equity shares @ 2 per				
share				
		2% on 25,000	500	
		2% on 6,56,373 (W.N.3)	13,127	42,627
		Liquidation Expenses		5,000
		By Debentureholders having a		3,00,000
		floating charge on all assets		
		By Preferential creditors		25,000
		By Unsecured Creditors		6,56,373
	10,29,000			10,29,000

(6 Mark)

(ii) Percentage of amount paid to unsecured creditors to total unsecured creditors

$$=\frac{6,56,373}{9,15,000}$$
 x 100 = 71.73% f

(1 Mark)

#### **Working Notes:**

- 1. Unsecured portion in partly secured creditors=Rs. 1,75,000 Rs. 1,60,000 = Rs. 15,000
- 2. Total unsecured creditors = 9,00,000 + 15,000 (W.N.1) = Rs. 9,15,000
- 3. Liquidator's remuneration on payment to unsecured creditors

Cash available for unsecured creditors after all payments including payment topreferential creditors & liquidator's remuneration on it = Rs. 6,69,500 Liquidator's remuneration on unsecured creditors = Rs.  $6,69,500 \times 2/102$  Rs. 13,127 or on Rs.  $6,56,373 \times 2/100$  = Rs. 13,127

(1 Mark)

#### Answer-7 (b):

#### Calculation of correct Departmental Profits

	Department P (₹)	Department S (₹)	Department Q (₹)
Profit after charging Manager's Commission	90,000	60,000	45,000
Add: Manager's Commission (1/9)	10,000	6,667	5,000
	1,00,000	66,667	50,000
Less: Unrealised profit on Stock (WN)	(5,426)	(21,000)	(2,727)
Profit Before Manager's Commission	94,574	45,667	47,273
Less: Manager's Commission 10%	(9,457)	(4,567)	(4,727)
Correct Profit after Manager's Commission	85,117	41,100	42,546

(5 Marks)

## Working Notes:

	Department P (₹)	Department S (₹)	Department Q (₹)	Total (₹)
Unrealized Profit of:				
Department P	-	25/125X18,000 =3,600	15/115X14,000 =1,826	5,426
Department S	20/100X48,000 =9,600	-	30/100X38,000 =11,400	21,000
Department Q	20/120X12,000 =2,000	10/110X8,000 =727		2,727

(3 Marks)